




# NASA AIRBORNE SCIENCE CAPABILITIES FOR DECADAL SURVEY MISSION SUPPORT






**ER-2**

Role: Remote sensing, Upper Tropospheric and Stratospheric In situ sampling


Altitude: 70,000 ft  
Payload: 2,900 lbs  
Range: 5,000 + Nmi  
Based: NASA DFRC



**Global Hawk**

Role: Long duration high-altitude remote sensing; upper Tropospheric and Stratospheric in situ sampling; UAVSAR

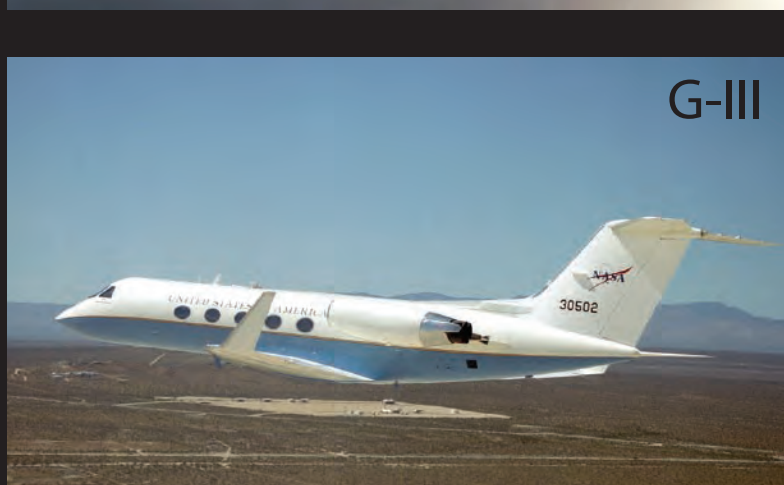
Altitude: 65,000 ft  
Payload: 3,000 lbs  
Range: 3,500 Nmi  
Based: NASA DFRC



**WB-57**

Role: Remote sensing, Upper Tropospheric and Stratospheric In situ sampling, vertical profiling


Altitude: 65,000 ft  
Payload: 6,000 lbs  
Range: 2,172 Nmi  
Based: NASA JSC



**G-III**

Role: UAVSAR and mid-altitude remote sensing

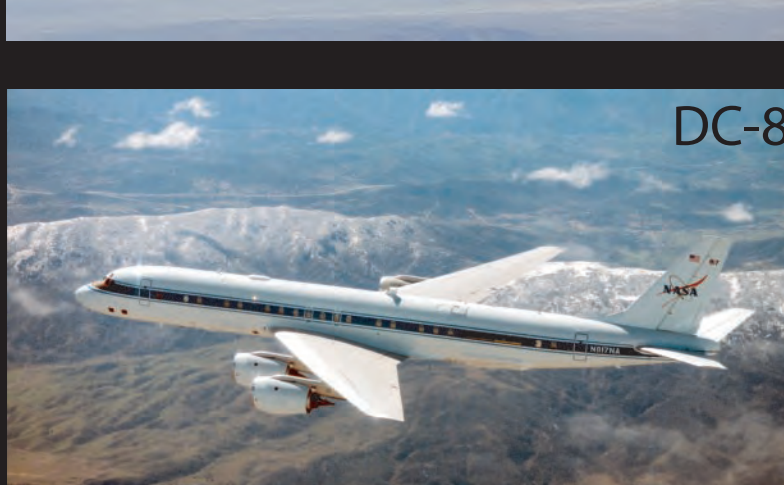
Altitude: 45,000 ft  
Payload: 2,610 lbs  
Range: 3,400 Nmi  
Based: NASA DFRC



**Ikhana**

Role: Long duration mid-altitude remote sensing and in situ sampling; real-time disaster response imaging

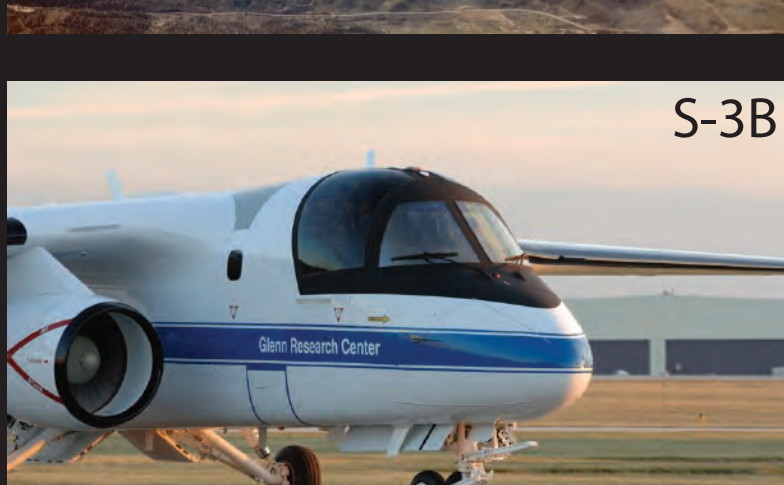
Altitude: 45,000 ft  
Payload: 3,000 lbs  
Range: 3,500 Nmi  
Based: NASA DFRC



**DC-8**

Role: Tropospheric In situ sampling, vertical profiles, Synthetic Aperture Radar, remote sensing


Altitude: 41,000 ft  
Payload: 30,000 lbs  
Range: 5,400 Nmi  
Based: NASA DFRC / UND



**S-3B**

Role: Mid-altitude remote sensing and In situ sampling


Altitude: 40,000 ft  
Payload: 12,000 lbs  
Range: 2,300 Nmi  
Based: NASA-GRC



**B-200**

Role: Mid-altitude remote sensing and In situ sampling


Altitude: 32,000 ft.  
Payload: 2,000 lbs  
Range: 1,883 Nmi  
Based: GSFC-WFF



**P-3**

Role: Remote sensing, Laser profiling, Tropospheric In situ sampling


Altitude: 30,000 ft.  
Payload: 16,000 lbs  
Range: 3,800 Nmi  
Based: NASA Wallops



**Twin Otter**

Role: Low-altitude remote sensing and In situ sampling

Altitude: 25,000 ft  
Payload: 5,000 lbs  
Range: 500 Nmi  
Based: Various



**Sierra**

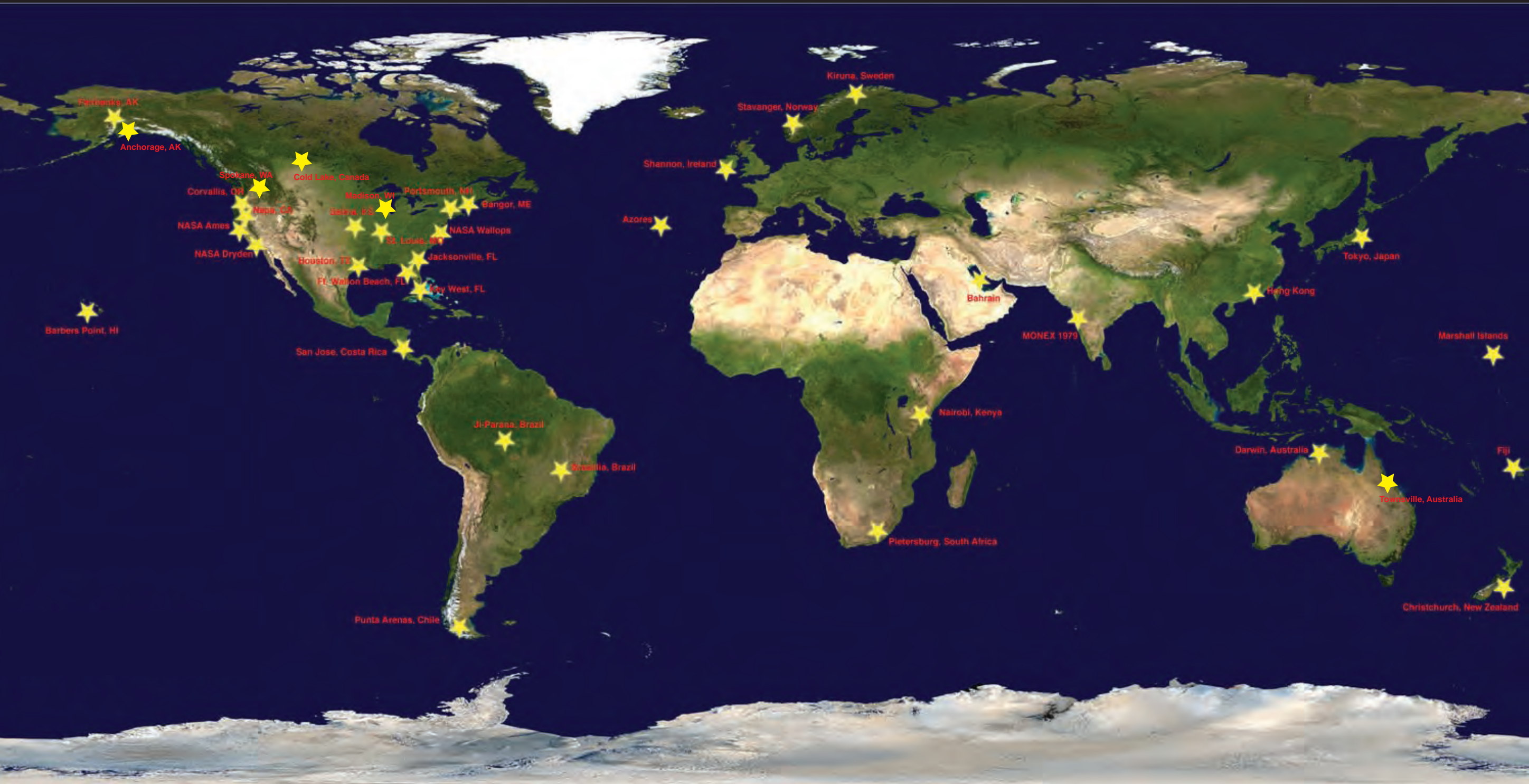
Role: Low altitude remote sensing and In situ sampling

Altitude: 12,000 ft  
Payload: 100 lbs  
Range: 550 Nmi  
Based: NASA ARC

## Abstract

The Airborne Science Program is a key component of NASA's integrated Earth Observing capability. Its primary function is to provide airborne observational assets to augment space-based systems, and to provide targeted characterizations of regional or localized phenomena at high spatial and temporal resolutions.

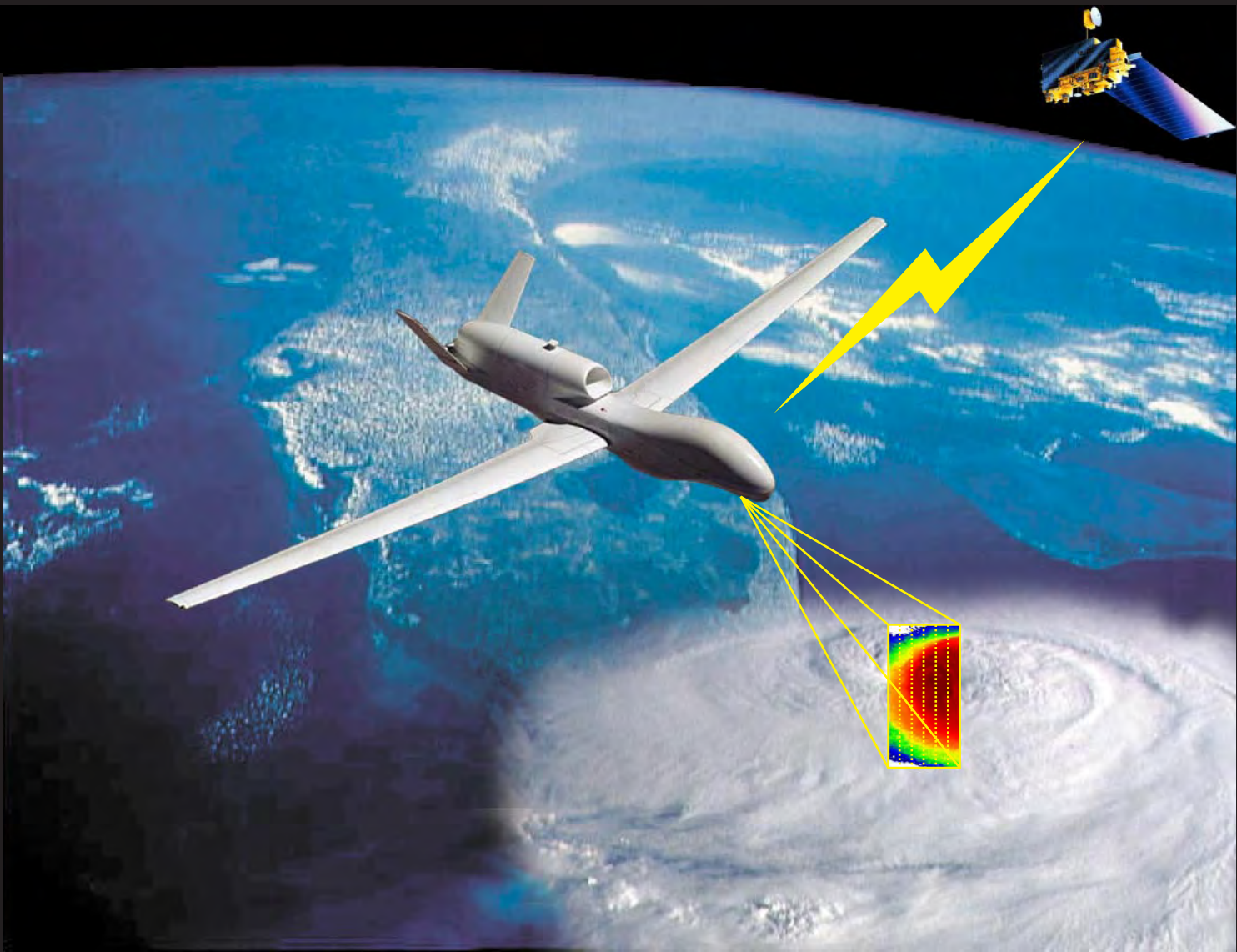
The program maintains a catalog of platforms for testing future orbital sensor technologies, and the validation of on-orbit satellite measurements and their science algorithms. It is also investigating the use of UASs (including a Global Hawk to become available in 2009), autonomous sensor systems, and integrated sensor webs for Earth science research. Airborne satellite communication systems for real-time interactive science experiments are also being implemented on selected platforms.



Past Deployment Sites Used by the Airborne Science Program Platforms

## Contact Information

<http://airbornescience.nasa.gov>  
**Andrew Roberts** - Airborne Science Program Director, Tel: 202-358-7212, Email: Andrew.C.Roberts@nasa.gov  
**Marilyn Vasques** - Flight Requests Manager, Tel: 650-64-6120, Email: Marilyn.F.Vasques@nasa.gov  
**Jeff Myers** - ASTL Manager, Tel: 650-604-3597, Email: Jeffrey.S.Myers@nasa.gov  
**Matt Fladeland** - Science Manager, Tel: 650-604-3325, Email: Matthew.Fladeland@nasa.gov  
**Susan Schoenung** - Requirements Specialist, Tel: 650-604-6031, Email: Susan.M.Schoenung@nasa.gov



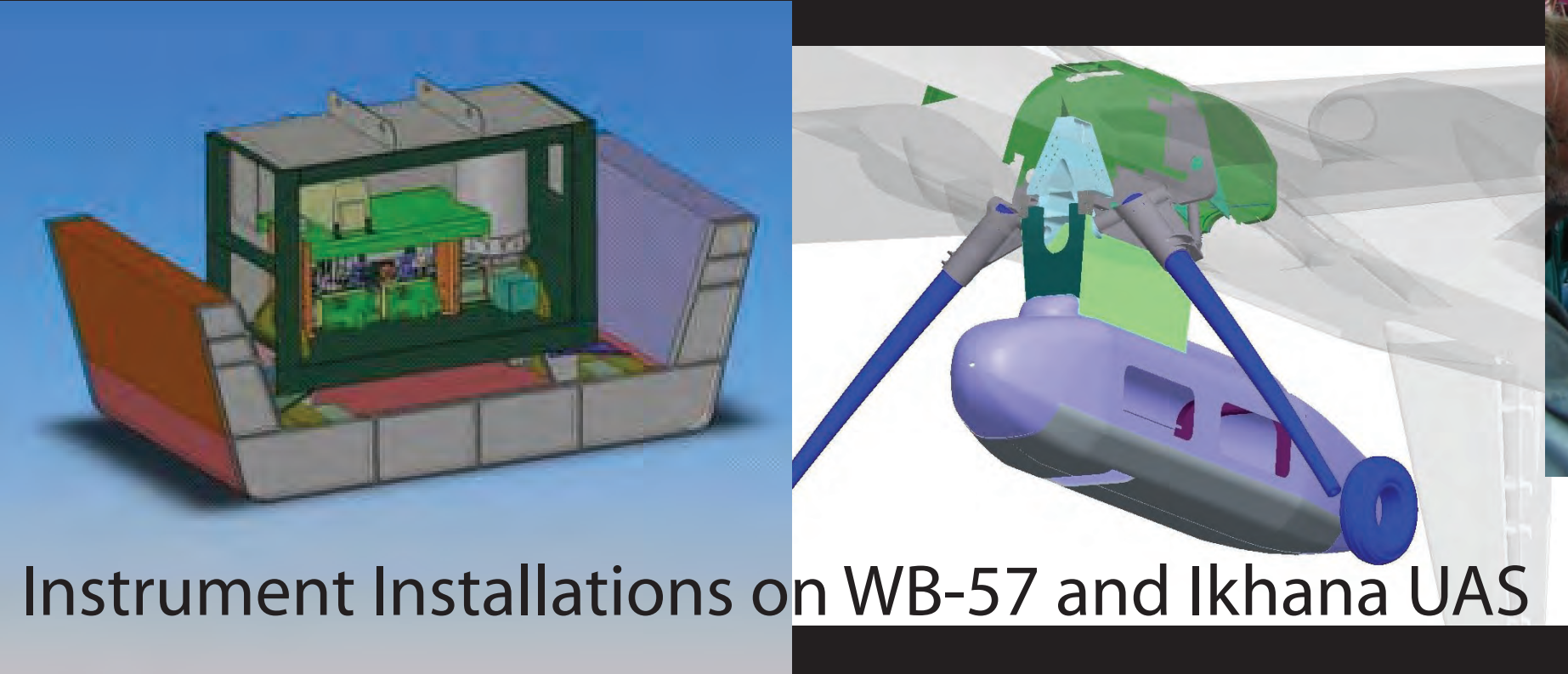
## The Flight Request Process

Requests for the use of the catalog aircraft (both government and commercial) are submitted via the web tool at <http://airbornescience.nasa.gov> (new users first complete a quick registration step.) Details regarding platform and schedule requirements, together with a short science rationale and funding sponsorship, are entered. In many cases NASA-subsidized flight hour rates are made available to qualified researchers. Upon evaluation of the request, costs estimates are provided, and final approvals are obtained from Earth Science Division management.

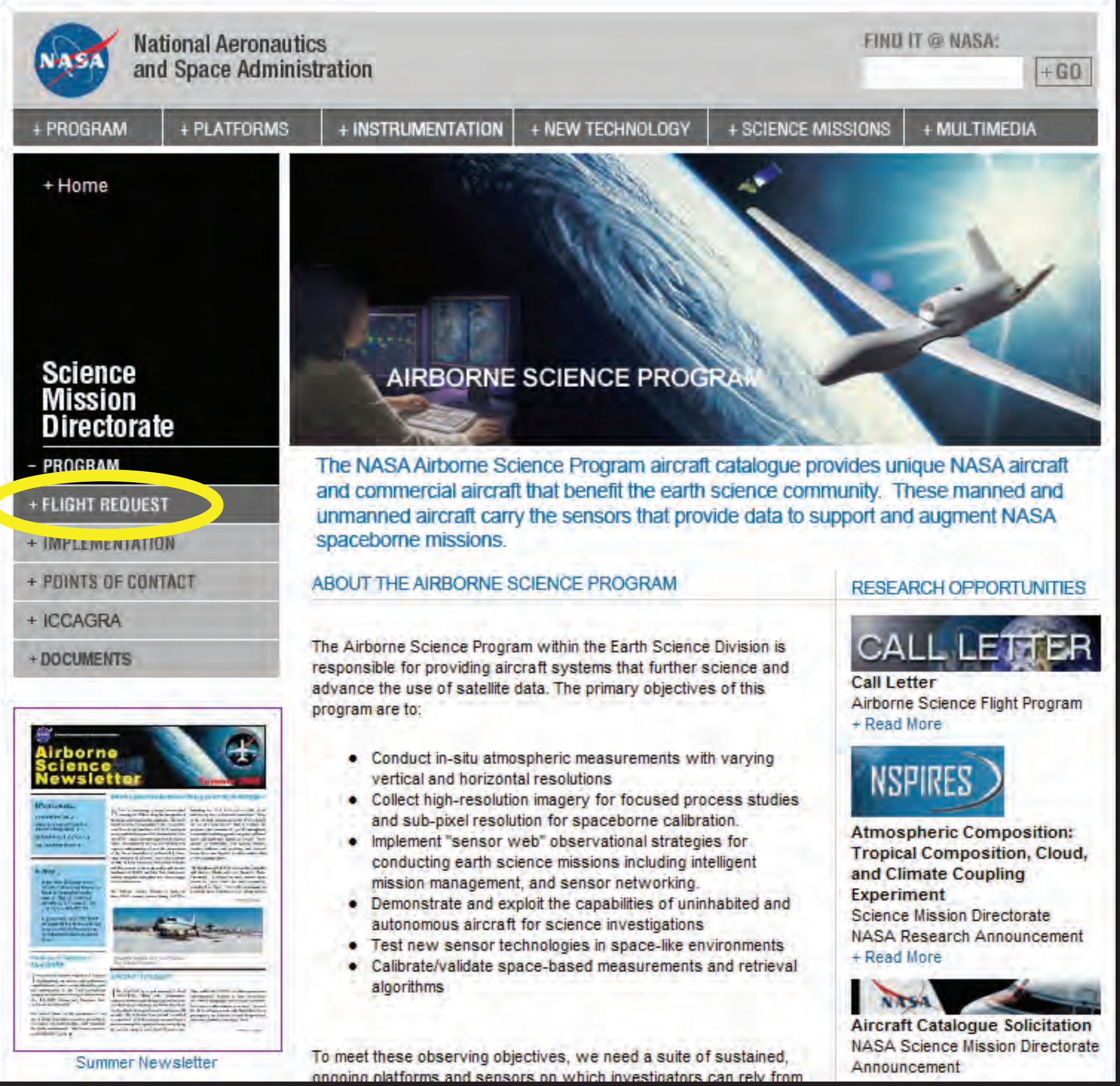
It should be noted that any arrangements to fly NASA equipment and/or personnel, regardless of the process, are required to comply with agency airworthiness and flight safety regulations (ref. NPD 7900.4b)

## Instrument Integration Support

Both the individual aircraft programs at each NASA center, and the Airborne Science and Technology Laboratory (ASTL) at Ames, provide engineering consultation and support services to facilitate the installation of new instrumentation onto the various platforms. This includes assistance with mechanical and electrical interfaces, and compliance with NASA airworthiness directives. New instrument development projects intending to fly on NASA airborne platforms are strongly encouraged to consult with ASP engineers early in the design process to streamline the integration process.



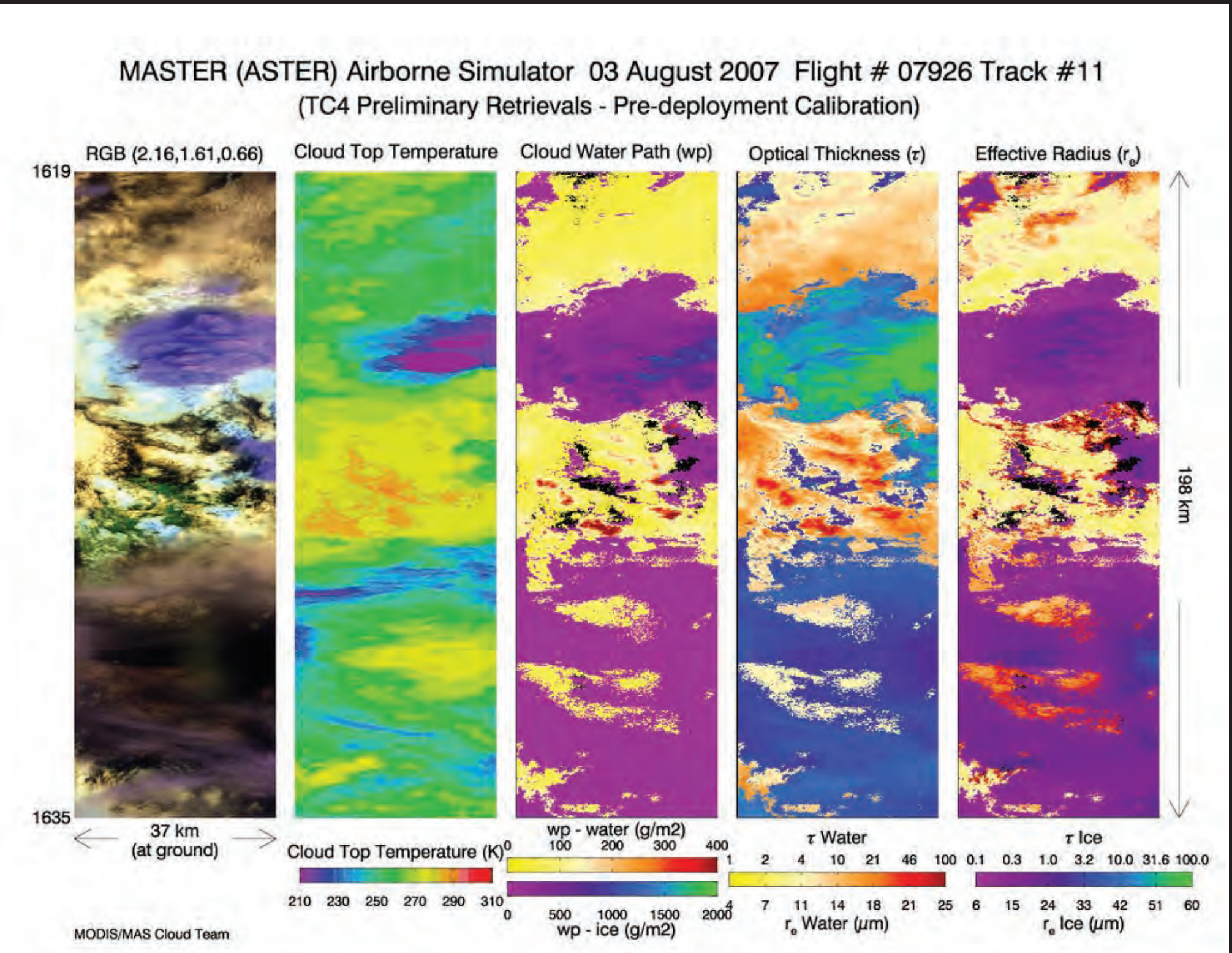
Instrument Installations on WB-57 and Ikhana UAS



CAR Installation on J-31

## Facility Sensors and Support Equipment

The Airborne Science Program, together with the Earth Science Division, maintains a number of community-use assets to support approved research projects. These include calibrated imagers such as the JPL AVIRIS (Airborne Visible and Infrared Imaging Spectrometer,) and the MODIS and ASTER Airborne Simulators (MAS and MASTER,) together with a variety of digital cameras and video tracking systems. Precision platform navigation and aircraft state data are provided to payloads via either embedded or stand-alone systems. Several two-way satellite communication systems are also becoming available. For more information on these systems see the Instrumentation page on the ASP web site.



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